COPYRIGHT REFORM IN MYANMAR

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Myanmar facts and figures



- South-east Asia
- 51.5 million people
- 93% literacy rate
- 150+ universities
- 5,000+ libraries
- November 2015-first democratic election after 50 years military rule
- New constitution, new courts, new trade agreements, new legislation
- New copyright law!

Current copyright law

National law Copyright Act (1914)

International agreements Joined WIPO (2001) NO Berne Convention NO WIPO Internet treaties

Joined WTO (1995) TRIPS Agreement – LDC waiver until 2021

Regional and bi-lateral trade agreements e.g. - Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) - US Trade & Investment Agreement (2013)



Myanmar

The Copyright Act of 1911

Year of current versio	on:	1911
Date of entry into for original text:	ce of	February 24, 1914
Date of Text (Enacted	i):	1911
Type of Text:		Main IP Laws: enacted by the Legislature
Subject Matter:		Copyright and Related Rights (Neighboring Rights), Enforcement of IP and Related Laws, Industrial Designs
Notes:		The Myanmar Copyright Act was promulgated in 1914. The legal provisions contained in the Act are mainly based on the Copyright Act of United Kingdom, which was enacted in 1911. No registration procedure has been instituted in spite of the existence of this Act.
		The current Copyright Act of 1914 does not prescribe copyright of other country to be recorded in Myanmar and copyright obtained in other countries can not be enforced in the country.
Available Texts:		
	English	The Copyright Act of 1911 PDF

Current copyright law

MYANMAR

- No explicit exceptions for libraries
- Fair dealing for private study, research, criticism, review
- Copying for certain educational purposes
- Term of protection: life of author + 30 years

 No protection for foreign works (no Berne) Library Provisions (none)

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Library Provisions?	The copyright law of Myanmar includes no explicit				
	library exceptions.				

Anti-Circumvention of Technological Protection Measures				
Circumvention	None.			
provisions?				

Miscellaneous			
Fair Dealing	Fair dealing with any work for the purposes of	Art.	
	private study, research, criticism, review, or	2(1)(i)	
	newspaper summary is permitted.		
Educational copying	Limited right to make copies for the use of schools.	Art.	
	Specifically permits making collections of short	2(1)(iv)	
	passages from published literary works.		
Source	The Burma [Myanmar] Copyright Act (24 February 1 available at	February 1914),	
	http://www.wipo.int/wipolex/en/text.jsp?file_id=1803	15.	
Last edited:	25 April 2014; rev. 14 May 2015		

Source above: WIPO Study on Copyright Limitations and Exceptions for Libraries and Archives prepared by Kenneth Crews (2015)

SCCR/30/3 page 277

 Lead agency: Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST) – now in Ministry of Education

Oraft law under development since 2012

 9 July 2015: draft law published in Kyemon national newspaper



 July 2016: draft at Attorney General's Office for review and possible amendment

Next it will be submitted to Parliament (Hluttaw)

Key recommendations on draft law by EIFL (2013-2015), in cooperation with MLA:

✓ allow libraries to make digital copies, including for preservation
✓ allow use of digital technologies for education and teaching
✓ add library and education exceptions to circumvention of technological protection measures (TPMs)

 Ilow inter-library document supply
use of orphan works
translation of works not available in minority languages for study purposes
Recommendations 1/2

Key recommendations (continued):

✓ allow the making of accessible format copies for persons with <u>all</u> disabilities

✓ keep fair dealing in the new law

✓ permit libraries to acquire works from abroad (international exhaustion)

✓ introduce a limitation on liability for librarians

 Good news – some recommendations accepted e.g. digital copying

We await next draft at Parliament (Hluttaw)

Together with EIFL, we will monitor the process and submit comments as needed



The future

Big changes ahead:

Whole new IP infrastructure planned – national IP office, IP courts, enforcement

• For the first time foreign works will be protected – change in copy culture, higher textbook prices?

 Copyright education essential for librarians

 Librarians need to be involved in policy-making



The future

Challenges for libraries in Myanmar:



Role of libraries ignored for five decades
Low bandwidth - but no Internet at all in libraries until 2013! (EIFL e-Library Myanmar project)
Difficult for institutions to get static IP addresses
Unreliable electricity supply esp. in summer
Books in libraries outdated or damaged – low budgets, foreign currency restrictions

Great enthusiasm and desire for change among librarians and faculty

Thanks to EIFL for supporting library copyright reform in Myanmar



Daw Mya Oo, National Library; Teresa Hackett, EIFL; Jonathan Band, Counsel Library Copyright Alliance in Nay Pyi Taw, May 2015

More information

Myanmar Library Association (MLA) on Facebook

Getting ready for Myanmar's new copyright system eifl.net/news/getting-ready-myanmars-new-copyrightsystem

eLibrary Myanmar Project www.eifl.net/eifl-in-action/elibrary-myanmar-project

Thank you.

